

**IMPROVEMENT OF MATERIAL AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT FOR THE
ACTIVITIES OF THE CRIME PREVENTION SERVICE OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS
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Annotation: This article is devoted to the issues of improving the material and technical support of the activities of the crime prevention service of the internal affairs bodies of the Republic of Uzbekistan. The article analyzes the regulatory framework and identifies existing shortcomings in the material and technical support of activities - insufficient equipment of support points, low use of digital technologies, and inefficiency of maintenance mechanisms. Practical proposals have been put forward for the introduction of modern means of communication, investment in the material base, and the creation of a system for assessing the effectiveness of activities. The model of community policing in foreign countries and the experience of material and technical support of the prevention service were studied, and ways to adapt it to the conditions of Uzbekistan were shown. The results of the study can serve to increase the effectiveness of crime prevention and ensure public safety.

Keywords: Crime Prevention Service, Material and Technical Support, Support Point, Prosperous and Safe Neighborhood, Community-Oriented Police, Community Policing, Digital Technologies, Material Base, Internal Affairs Bodies, Performance Assessment.

In the Republic of Uzbekistan, the material and technical support of the activities of the crime prevention service of internal affairs bodies is an important factor in strengthening public safety. According to the Law "On Internal Affairs Bodies" (No. 3PY-407, 2016), the preventive service is responsible for the prevention of offenses, the analysis of the criminogenic situation, and the development of cooperation with the population, which requires material and technical support[1]. Within the framework of the "Prosperous and Safe Neighborhood" principle (Resolution No. 801 of November 30, 2024), prevention inspectors operate at the mahalla level through support points, which requires the introduction of modern equipment and technologies[2].

In addition, Resolution No. PP-2896 of April 18, 2017, created the regulatory framework for the fundamental reform of the preventive service, which defined measures to improve logistical support[3]. However, in practice, problems remain, such as insufficient equipment of support points in the material and technical support of activities, low use of digital systems, and difficulties in maintenance. This article is aimed at analyzing these issues and identifying directions for improving the material and technical support of the activities of the crime prevention service.

The research is based on the analysis of regulatory legal acts, a review of scientific literature, and comparative legal methods. The Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Internal Affairs Bodies," resolutions on the principle of "Prosperous and Safe Mahalla," and regulations on the preventive service were studied as the main sources. Foreign experience was analyzed on the basis of the United Nations Community-Oriented Police Manual[4] and international

monographs[5]. The SARA (Scanning, Analysis, Response, Assessment) problem-oriented police model was used to assess the effectiveness of logistical support.

The activities of the crime prevention service of the internal affairs bodies are carried out in cooperation with support points and the mahalla seven, which requires logistical support - modern means of communication, monitoring cameras, and digital platforms[3]. In practice, the main problems are: insufficient equipment of base points (for example, the absence of GPS tracking and video recording devices), unsystematicity of digital systems, and delays in maintenance[6].

The following proposals for improvement are put forward:

- Investments in the material base: equipping base points with modern equipment (drones, biometric systems) and changing the norms of material support.
- Implementation of digital technologies: creation of a unified information platform, ensuring real-time data exchange and development of mobile applications.
- Development of technical maintenance: conducting regular technical audits and establishing service centers.
- Evaluation of effectiveness: the introduction of indicators (results of activities, reduction in the number of offenses) to assess the effectiveness of material and technical support.

These measures will serve to increase the effectiveness of the preventive service and prevent offenses.

The above proposals are inextricably linked with the full implementation of the "Prosperous and Safe Neighborhood" principle[2]. Insufficient logistical support leads to a lack of adaptation of activities to regional differences and a decrease in efficiency[6]. The introduction of digital technologies will improve the quality of the material and technical base, but this will require budget allocations, advanced training of personnel, and changes to the regulatory framework. Comparative analysis shows that the development of scientifically based material and technical support and ensuring public participation significantly increases the overall effectiveness of the preventive service[4].

In foreign countries (USA, Great Britain, Germany), the logistical support of the crime prevention service is carried out based on the community policing model[4,5]. Basic principles: provision of territorial subdivisions with modern equipment, implementation of digital monitoring systems and use of a centralized maintenance system. For example, in the USA, neighborhood policing and digital systems (body cameras, GIS-mapping) allowed for the optimization of logistical support[5].

In the context of Uzbekistan, it is advisable to adapt this experience: integrating the principles of community policing with the mahalla institute, monitoring material and technical support through digital platforms, and equipping base points with modern equipment. In conclusion, improving the material and technical support of the activities of the crime prevention service of internal affairs bodies should be carried out through digitalization, strengthening the material base, and adopting foreign experience. This will serve to strengthen public safety and effectively implement the priority tasks of state policy.

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