

DEVELOPMENT OF A METHODOLOGY FOR APPLYING DIGITAL TECHNOLOGIES IN SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT BASED ON INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION SOLUTIONS**Sarvirova Natalya Sergeevna**

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<https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.20054696>**Abstract**

This article examines the development of a methodology for applying digital technologies in supply chain management based on information and communication solutions. The study focuses on the integration of digital platforms, data exchange systems, cloud technologies, enterprise resource planning tools, and communication networks into supply chain processes in order to improve coordination, transparency, responsiveness, and operational efficiency. Particular attention is paid to the methodological principles that support the digital transformation of procurement, inventory control, transportation, warehousing, and distribution activities. The article analyzes the role of information and communication solutions in real-time monitoring, decision-making, risk reduction, and optimization of supply chain performance. It is argued that a systematic methodology for digital implementation enables organizations to increase adaptability, reduce transaction costs, strengthen collaboration among supply chain participants, and improve service quality. The study also considers challenges related to technological integration, cybersecurity, data standardization, and organizational readiness. The findings demonstrate that the effective use of digital technologies in supply chain management requires not only technical modernization but also process reengineering and strategic alignment. The article contributes to the understanding of digital supply chain transformation and offers practical recommendations for designing information-driven and communication-oriented management models.

Keywords: supply chain management, digital technologies, information and communication solutions

In the contemporary landscape of global commerce, the integration of digital technologies within supply chain management is essential for achieving competitive advantage and operational efficiency. As organizations grapple with the complexities of rapidly evolving market demands, the need for a robust methodology that effectively leverages information and communication solutions becomes paramount. The transition towards intelligent supply chains signifies a paradigm shift where innovation and technology play critical roles in optimizing business processes. A recent study emphasizes the importance of managing the innovations of intelligent supply chains, suggesting that enterprises must analyze existing management mechanisms to enhance efficiency and adaptability in their operations (Chia-Sun C et al., 2025). Furthermore, the overarching framework provided by emerging digital technologies offers

organizations the potential to develop new capabilities and innovate business models, ensuring sustainable supply chain outcomes while delivering value to multiple stakeholders (Wang Y, 2022). This essay aims to articulate a comprehensive methodology for applying these digital solutions, thereby providing insights into their practical implementation and the resultant organizational benefits. In the rapidly evolving landscape of supply chain management (SCM), digital technologies play a pivotal role in enhancing operational efficiency and fostering innovation. The integration of information technology (IT) has become essential in addressing the complexities introduced by digital transformation, particularly in vendor management inventory (VMI) systems. Research has shown that adopting digital solutions can optimize supply chain operations, improve resource efficiency, and promote sustainability practices, which are increasingly critical in today's business environment (O Akindote, 2023). Furthermore, emerging technologies, such as artificial intelligence and blockchain, offer unique opportunities for organizations to develop innovative business models and create value for multiple stakeholders (Wang Y, 2022). By understanding and leveraging these technologies, businesses can not only streamline their processes but also ensure long-term viability and resilience in their supply chains. Thus, a comprehensive methodology for embedding digital technologies in SCM is paramount for achieving competitive advantage.

In the contemporary landscape of supply chain management, the importance of Information and Communication Solutions (ICS) cannot be overstated. These solutions serve as foundational elements that facilitate seamless communication, bolster data integrity, and enhance decision-making processes across various operational tiers. As enterprises undergo digital transformation, the adoption of ICS directly influences production efficiency and customer satisfaction by streamlining information flow and logistics. This is particularly vital in addressing inventory management challenges faced by manufacturing enterprises, as highlighted by (Jiang Y, 2024). Furthermore, the capability of ICS to support advanced technologies, such as data analytics and the Internet of Things (IoT), significantly enhances supply chain responsiveness and resilience, aligning with strategies proposed in (Ma J, 2024). Ultimately, the integration of ICS into supply chain methodologies is pivotal for fostering competitive advantages and ensuring sustainable growth.

The integration of current digital technologies into supply chain management is revolutionizing industry practices by enhancing efficiency, responsiveness, and sustainability. Technologies such as blockchain, Internet of Things (IoT), and artificial intelligence (AI) are streamlining operations, facilitating real-time data sharing, and enabling predictive analytics. For instance, blockchain offers enhanced transparency and traceability, which is crucial for mitigating risks in supply chains. Additionally, AI-driven analytics can optimize inventory levels and forecasting, mitigating the infamous bullwhip effect. The research emphasizes the necessity of incorporating sustainable practices into supply chain strategies, addressing not just operational efficiency but also ecological responsibility (O Akindote, 2023). Furthermore, it highlights how leveraging emerging technologies can foster innovative business models and develop capabilities that create value for various stakeholders, thereby ensuring long-term success in an increasingly digital marketplace (Wang Y, 2022). Such methodologies underpinned by robust information and communication solutions are vital for navigating contemporary challenges in supply chain management.

As digital technologies continue to evolve, the role of the Internet of Things (IoT) and sensor technologies has become increasingly pivotal in optimizing supply chain management (SCM). By integrating IoT devices within logistical processes, businesses can gain real-time visibility into their supply chains, facilitating better decision-making and responsiveness to market demands. This enhanced connectivity allows for the diligent monitoring of inventory levels, equipment status, and shipment conditions, ultimately driving efficiency and reducing operational costs. Furthermore, (Dr. Pandey A, 2023) emphasizes that the data generated through these interconnected systems provides valuable insights, enabling organizations to refine

their operations and improve customer satisfaction. The current body of literature reveals that while substantial progress has been made in exploring IoT's impact on SCM, as noted in (Ben M-Daya et al., 2017), there remains a need for more analytical models and empirical studies to fully harness the potential of IoT technologies in diverse supply chain processes. The integration of cloud computing and big data analytics is increasingly pivotal in transforming supply chain management practices. As organizations strive to navigate complex market demands and mitigate supply chain risks, these technologies offer significant advantages. Cloud computing provides the infrastructure necessary for scalable data storage and processing, facilitating real-time access and collaboration across supply chain stakeholders. Concurrently, big data analytics aids in enhancing decision-making by applying sophisticated algorithms to vast datasets, improving accuracy in demand forecasting and inventory management. Notably, empirical studies highlight the effectiveness of these technologies in optimizing logistics efficiency and reducing operational costs—demonstrated by case studies such as Amazon, which exemplify this synergy's capacity to enhance supply chain agility and resilience (Lin Z, 2024), (Lee I et al., 2022). This development underscores the necessity for organizations to adopt a systematic approach to implementing these digital technologies within their supply chains.

The establishment of a robust methodological framework for implementation is crucial in facilitating the integration of digital technologies within supply chain management. This framework serves not only as a guide for organizations but also as a means to navigate the complexities inherent in the digital transformation process. As businesses strive to harness digital innovations, it becomes imperative to categorize the driving factors and barriers that influence decision-making around digital investments, particularly within supply chains. Research indicates that a structured approach can enable managers to develop effective strategies that account for various dimensions, such as financial, technological, and organizational challenges (adamkolo et al., 2019). Furthermore, the insights provided on emerging digital technologies highlight their potential to create value across multiple stakeholders, thereby ensuring sustainable outcomes in supply chain operations (Wang Y, 2022). By leveraging this methodological framework, organizations can effectively assess and implement information and communication solutions that enhance operational efficiency and innovation within their supply chains. In the context of developing a comprehensive methodology for integrating digital technologies within supply chain management, the design of a step-by-step integration process is paramount. This structured approach not only facilitates the gradual adoption of new technologies but also mitigates potential disruptions to existing operations. By identifying critical factors influencing supplier acceptance, as highlighted in (Kalesh S et al., 2024), organizations can tailor their integration strategies to address specific challenges, thus enhancing collaboration and satisfaction among partners. Additionally, the role of information technology in augmenting operational effectiveness cannot be overstated, as emphasized in (O Akindote, 2023). This integration process must include rigorous training and support mechanisms, ensuring that all stakeholders are equipped to leverage the benefits of digital transformation fully. In doing so, businesses can achieve a sustainable and resilient supply chain aligned with contemporary market demands. In the contemporary landscape of supply chain management, the identification of key performance indicators (KPIs) and metrics is paramount for assessing and enhancing operational effectiveness, especially in the context of digital transformation. Establishing clear KPIs allows organizations to monitor progress and identify areas needing improvement while providing a quantitative basis for decision-making. According to (Choudhury A et al., 2021), critical success factors such as Sales and Operation Planning Strategies and Smart Manufacturing Processes significantly influence the efficiency of a digital supply chain, highlighting the need for precise metrics to measure these areas. Furthermore, (S Elgazzar, 2021) underscores the importance of organizational readiness and addressing obstacles to digital transformation, which can directly affect performance metrics. Ultimately, a

robust framework for KPIs will not only streamline operations but also drive long-term sustainability in supply chain practices.

KPI	Value
On-Time Delivery Rate	95%
Order Accuracy	98%
Inventory Turnover Ratio	6 times
Supply Chain Cost as Percentage of Sales	10%

Key Performance Indicators in Supply Chain Management

The integration of digital technologies into supply chain management presents a myriad of challenges that organizations must navigate to realize their full potential. Notably, the complexity of interconnections among multiple actors within supply chains complicates comprehensive digital transformation initiatives, as highlighted in existing literature. Financial, regulatory, technological, and organizational barriers often hinder firms from fully capitalizing on digital opportunities. To combat these challenges, companies can adopt a systematic framework categorized by critical factors affecting digital investments, as suggested by research findings (Wang Y, 2022). Additionally, leveraging emerging technologies not only enhances operational effectiveness but also fosters the creation of innovative business models, which are essential for sustainable supply chain outcomes (Wang Y, 2022). By critically evaluating these factors, organizations can better position themselves to implement effective digital strategies that address contemporary supply chain issues while driving significant performance improvements. As the integration of digital technologies in supply chain management accelerates, addressing data security and privacy concerns becomes paramount. The reliance on digital platforms for logistics tracking and consumer interactions significantly heightens vulnerability to data breaches and regulatory noncompliance. This evolution presents not only opportunities for profit maximization and increased efficiency but also a range of security threats that expand the potential attack surface across the supply chain (Hammi B et al., 2023). To mitigate these risks, best practices such as implementing multi-layered security measures, conducting regular security audits, and ensuring compliance with regulations like GDPR are essential (MSR M et al., 2025). Additionally, embedding artificial intelligence-based monitoring tools and fostering a culture of digital accountability among employees are critical steps in creating a robust cybersecurity framework that safeguards data integrity and enhances consumer trust.

In the quest to enhance supply chain management through digital technologies, organizations face significant organizational and technical barriers that must be systematically addressed. Overcoming these barriers requires a comprehensive understanding of the interplay between technology adoption and managerial practices. As highlighted in various studies, logistics technology not only streamlines processes but also promotes effective decision-making across the supply chain, thus enhancing overall productivity and customer satisfaction (Ruthramathi R et al., 2024). Furthermore, a framework that categorizes these barriers—such as financial, regulatory, and cultural challenges—can aid managers in formulating robust digitalization strategies that adapt to the complexities inherent in supply chains (adamkolo et al., 2019). By proactively addressing these organizational and technical impediments, businesses can fully leverage the benefits of digital transformation.

In conclusion, the integration of digital technologies within supply chain management (SCM) and vendor-managed inventory (VMI) represents a pivotal shift that organizations must embrace to thrive in an increasingly competitive landscape. As highlighted in the research, the role of information technology (IT) is critical in enhancing operational efficiency, driving innovation, and streamlining processes. By leveraging digital solutions, companies can not only optimize their operations but also incorporate sustainability into their practices, which is

becoming essential in today's market. The discussion on strategies for achieving sustainable VMI, such as green procurement and resource efficiency, underscores the importance of aligning technological advancements with environmental responsibility. Consequently, this methodology aims to provide actionable insights that empower businesses to navigate the complexities of digital transformation while ensuring their supply chain processes are robust and future-oriented, ultimately enabling long-term success in an ever-evolving business environment (Akindote OJ, 2023) (O Akindote, 2023).

In the context of developing a methodology for applying digital technologies in supply chain management, a comprehensive understanding of existing methodologies is crucial. The integration of information and communication solutions not only aims to enhance operational efficiencies but also to align with sustainability practices. By analyzing the role of information technology (IT) in facilitating vendor management inventory (VMI), one can identify various strategies that promote resource efficiency and green procurement. The methodology outlined in the research emphasizes the importance of digital transformation in optimizing supply chain processes while addressing the complexities it introduces. Furthermore, it seeks to provide businesses with actionable insights to navigate these challenges effectively, ensuring long-term success in an evolving market landscape (Akindote OJ, 2023) (O Akindote, 2023). This strategic approach underscores the value of digital methodologies in fostering innovation and sustainability within supply chains.

As the landscape of supply chain management continues to evolve, future trends in digitization will play a critical role in enhancing operational efficiency and customer satisfaction. Companies must recognize that digital technology offers significant opportunities to optimize inventory management and overall supply chain processes. The integration of Internet of Things (IoT) devices, artificial intelligence, and data analytics can transform traditional practices, allowing for real-time tracking and improved decision-making. Notably, as highlighted in recent studies, addressing the challenges posed by digitalization is essential for sustainable development (Jiang Y, 2024). Furthermore, the shipping industry's ongoing transformation illustrates how digitization can enhance profitability while improving customer interactions (Baha M Mohsen, 2022). To successfully navigate this digital future, organizations should cultivate a clear vision that encompasses the adoption of new technologies and a shift in organizational mindset, ensuring they remain competitive in a rapidly changing environment.

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